

THE BRANDON MAIL.

VOL VII. NO. 3.

BRANDON, MAN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1890.

FIVE CENTS

Furs! Furs! Furs!

MILLER & COMPANY, THE CLOTHIERS,

Are Selling Out a Stock of FURS,
at about

60c. on the DOLLAR

This is your Greatest Chance of the
Season.

Come right along, and bring your
Cash.

DON'T

MISTAKE THE PLACE.

Cor. 9th Street and Rosser Ave., South Side.

COLE & SANDERS' OLD STAND.

MILLER & CO.

DALY COLDWELL,
BARRISTERS, &c.
Solicitors for the Imperial Bank of Canada.
MONEY TO LOAN.

DR. DICKSON,
DENTIST.
Office over Fleming's Drug Store, entrance on
Fleming's Street, Brandon. Anesthetics administered for Painless Extraction
of Teeth.

JOHN DICKSON, D.L.

S. W. MCKEEEN,
S. W. Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College,
Successor to F. E. Dowling, Dentist.
Office, Corner of 8th Street and Rossier Avenue.
Phone, 125. Call 125. Open from 8 A.M. to 9 P.M.
Week without Pains. Office always open.

DR. SPENCER,
S.M.C.U. Medical, Montreal.)
Member of the College of Physicians and
Surgeons of Quebec and Manitoba.
Over Gresham Hotel, Tenth Street, next to
House Braden.

DR. L. M. MORE,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Member of the College of Physicians and
Surgeons of Ontario and Quebec.
Over Gresham Hotel, Tenth Street, next to
House Braden.

J. H. BROWNE, D.L.S.,
SURGEON AND CIVIL ENGINEER.
Manager Work, Bridge Plans & Specifications.
Roxon Ave. and 11th St., Brandon.

W. H. SHILLINGLAW, Stud. C. Sec. C.R.
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Other Over Northern Pacific & Man. Railways
Office, 10th Street, Brandon.

BRANDON BOX.

MANITOBA.

LANGHAM HOTEL,
RE-OPENED.

JAMES W. NEALON, - - Prescriber.

Under New management and a thorough re-
fit throughout, with everything new and
not only electric power.

SPECIAL RATE TO COMMERCIAL MEN.

HOT AND COLD WATER BATHS.

The Hotel is heated by steam throughout.

BY STEAM HEAT. ALL TRAINS.

MANITOBA POLICE AGENCY.

Other Investigated. Evidence Procured. Pro-
perty Found and Criminals punished.

Business, Quality and Legally Thorough.

J. H. PONTER, Manager.

P.O. Box 11.

C. P. R. EXCURSION.

Those who intend to take advantage of

the C. P. R. excursion rates to western

Canada via the Canadian Pacific Railway

can do so next week, January 6, 7, and 8. The rates are \$60 and the

billets good for three months with the

privilege of renewing for 15 to 30 days

upon payment of \$5 or \$10. Tickets are

held from Montreal to all points in Canada

and back to Montreal.

There is no charge for passage and

all charges of cars, transfers and

consolidation of baggage are avoided.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Promotion Lists for December, 1889,
STANDARD I TO II.

Fred Tedder Wesley McVicar
Ethel Shadrake Chas McIntyre
Willie Wilson Peter Alexander
Jennie Darlington Belle Meling
John Irwin Alice Marshall
Willie Dawson Jessie Jobb
Walter Ferguson Margaret Johnson
Gatty Gohard Edith Chipperfield
Fred Honey Lydia Massenger
Grace Honey

STANDARD II TO III.

John Calendar Burns Campbell
Jas Sinclair Loughton John Johnson
Joe Sprule John Jobb
Alfred Belle Edith Scott
Edith Bowley Lena Earle
Mary Cottingham Edith Giles
Jennie Burns Emma Craig
Emily Herberts Willie Craig
Mabel Simpson

STANDARD III TO IV.

Matilda Garland Katie Baird
Lizzie Wilson Mabel Evans
Laura Colwell Otto Coles
Maud Coulter Thomas McCormick
Harry Butt Jamie Calder
Charlie Smith Harold Daly
Bessie Cumine Agnes Miller
Bertha Gilmour Martha Dooney
Minnie White Mary Dooney
Eunice Graham Compton

STANDARD IV TO V.

Jeanie Murray Clara Bell
Millie Beaubien Maud Pilling
Maggie Brown Maud Chubb
Arthur Ferguson Frank Coles
Cecil Harrison Carrie Bishop
Earth Douglas Emily Priestly
Addie Flewelling Rose Bishop
Mabel Duncan David McCormick
Abbie Clement Annie Hill

STANDARD V VI.

Madie Moore Richard Woodsworth
Bertha Coldwell Archie Smith
Andy McKeirnie Albert Booth
Eva Cameron Willie Coulter
Andrew Wilson John Mc Nichol
Hannah McMillan Katie Warner
John Knight George Boyd
Willie Smith James Craig
Mary Morris James Smith
Walter Goode

INTERMEDIATE.

H. McVicar, 536 L. Shulvey, 463
C. Bastedo, 504 G. McKenzie, 417
C. McKenzie, 444 J. H. Hunt, 412
H. Moor, 431 M. Fleming, 414
H. Terra, 432 F. Sprule, 491

INTERMEDIATE TO COLLEGE.

M. Wilton, 699 Wilkie Collins, 581
W. J. Nelson 628 L. Atkinson, 571
Libbie McKenzie 661 Clara Mitchell, 570
Annie Smith, 588 Olive Arnett, 560

SABBATH SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT.

The scholars of the Baptist Sunday School gave their Xmas Tree Entertainment last Thursday evening.

The programme consisted of Dialogues, Recitations, Choruses, etc., and the little ones acted their different parts well.

"The Snow Brigade," by eight small boys who had snow-shovels with them, amused the audience greatly and the dialogue by four little girls, representing four sun flowers drew forth applause. Most of the pieces took part of a Christmas character.

After the literary part of the programme was finished, "Santa Claus" came in and stripped the two heavily laden Xmas trees, to the pleasure and satisfaction of the youngsters.

Some of the children were frightened at "Santa Claus" with his great long hair and whiskers, but as he was retiring no doubt satisfied that he had his part well, one boy, bolder than the rest, pulled off his mask and Broth'r Robinson ran out holding his hands over his face.

All doctors of eminence here and abroad seem to agree that there is nothing dangerous about the epidemic, and that even its unpleasant effects will last but a short time in each case. From four to ten days is the general period of the disease in Europe. Doctors also say that their is nothing in the climate or location of New York to make the epidemic particularly severe here. It will probably, they say, be a little milder he than in St. Petersburg, and a little more severe than in Paris.

The only way to treat the gripe, Health Commissioner Wickraman, of Chicago, said, "is to administer hot lemonade in copious draughts, and put the patient to bed after having wrapped him up in blankets. Of course if the bowels are torpid, give a laxative. If there is headache, let the patient take a soothing potion. But for the influenza itself the only treatment is to be found in sweat and hot lemons—a sort of 'hell me tenter' treatment as I should say if I understood the Latin. Microbes certainly.

Our recently enlarged knowledge of bacteriology and bacteriology leads us to the conclusion that the microbes, not money, is the root of all evil, from consumption in ears. We have not yet correlated the influenza animalculæ, and I shouldn't recognize it if met it on the street, but we are mortally certain that it exists.

It has no connection with moisture in the atmosphere, for it rages no less violently during extreme cold. It moves in a wave across the world, and usually east to west.

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A REMARKABLE CAREER.

HOW A SLAVE ACQUIRED HIS FREEDOM AND HIS WEALTH.

A young Negro bought himself. Became a slave and then freed. He was a true son and had the friendship of all. A tale of slavery times.

The true story of the life of Solomon Northup, a most remarkable negro, who was born in Boston during the pioneer days, and who was in his time one of the whitest negroes in the world, and commanded the respect and admiration of the white people.

He belonged to a rich planter, one of the best in the west, who lived in Jones County, which adjoins this. Being allowed more privileges than the other slaves, having more intelligence than the average negro, so managed to escape at "slavery," and every one was surprised by the purpose of purchasing his freedom.

He was sold in 1857, two years after he had made a town, and with a sum of money given to him by his master, he came to Macon and opened a small store on the east side of the river, being really the town in those days. Although he could neither read nor write, he was a natural mathematician, excelling his sum mental. His political, business and good business habits soon began to have good effect, and he became one of the largest merchants in the country.

He died in 1865, at his estate.

In those days there were no steam-boats here, and freight was brought up the river in flat-bottomed boats from Darien, then an important seaport. These boats were manned by negroes, six on a side, who pulled the oars with singular skill. When they neared the bend in the river near Macon these dozen hands would sing up with a song, and on a sudden out of the muffled strains from these half-naked singers came floating music, louder and sweeter than music. They would remain here a few days to unload the freight for the merchants, and then return to Darien with some four to five hundred bags of cotton on each boat, and a load of the goods and cotton being loaded to Solomon Humphries.

After a few years of successful business he began to fall into decay. He purchased a place of ten acres near town and started the rearing a fine home. The gentry who went by their hunting never failed to stop and get a taste of Sol's biscuits. This house was open to his white friends and negroes who gave dinners that were really royal feasts. At these dinners Sol was never known to sit at the table. The guests were seated and it was Sol's place to wait on the table. The dignitaries of the state dined with him who was the most frequent guest and enjoyed Sol's hospitality the most, the late Governor Charles J. Nease, between whom and Sol a great friendship existed. According to the old records of Georgia that time a free negro was compelled to have a trustee, and Sol's son, who was then the first negro to become a citizen of this circuit, and who became a fourth governor, held the position of trustee for Sol.

On one occasion, when Sol was on his way to Macon to buy goods, he was arrested and held as a fugitive, and was sent to jail in spite of his efforts to show that his trustee could be considered as such. That was before the days of telegraph, and mails were slow then. There was no post office, and Sol was held in New York for 18 months in Macon for as much more, living in the jail at Charlton as a slave. The former Governor McDonald has written in forwarding the paper to me, and the message that it is now safe for him to go back to his native land, he goes to his home in New York and proceeds on his way to New York, being entered to come back by way of Charles ton.

HEALTHY AND BUY'S A WIFE.

So he grew larger and larger. In 1852 when steamboats began to run on the Ohio river, the consignments to him were larger than those of any merchant. In 1858 he married. His wife was "Patsey," and she was also accepted by him. She was a member of the Presbyterian church in Macon, and worshipped with the whites. She was great in respect in which she was held by the pastor and members that she was invited to the communion table, and though she was a slave. Living in the south where slavery was rampant, she was shown every respect and kindness by her white friends. But with all this there was a time when "Patsey" or Sol attempted to overstep the bounds. Sol became a member of the church, and every Sunday morning the pastor could be seen in full pow' in the church, presenting rather a strange picture to the northerner who came south.

Several citizens of Macon, both of wealth and enterprise, attained their early business education as clerks from Sol. Humphries. One of them became the merchant prince of the state, one became president of a bank, afterward president of a railroad. One lives in New York, an old citizen and wealthy, and another is a prominent merchant of Newark. These Southerners went to work to him when they were boys. As they grew up they went in business and became successful.

In 1860 he began to change. His wife was a person whom he had always loved, and soon his wealth increased. He also, and especially in the last year of his life, was a man of great influence. An excess of wealth caused him to pay the last for his wife's services, and a most bitter death. It was observed by the pastor and the Presbyterian church.

Such is the story of a true negro in the south. Who knew nothing but slavery - Macon (Ga.) Cor. New York H. H. T.

BRANDON POST OFFICE.

Office Hours from 8 o'clock to 19 o'clock.

Mails for despatch are closed as follows:

For the East, daily, at 10:15 a.m.

For the West, daily, except Wednesday, at 18:45 p.m.

For the City, daily, except Sundays, at 12:45 p.m.

Saint Paul and Bedford, daily, except

Sundays, at 12:45 p.m.

Hopewell, Burlington, Morris City,

Milton and Two Rivers, on Tuesday and

Friday, at 7 a.m.

Hartford, Carrollton and Minnewaska, on

Wednesday and Saturday, at 15 p.m.

Oliverville, on Tuesday and Friday, at 12 p.m.

Pendleton, on Friday, at 18:00 a.m.

Registered Letters must be posted at least fifteen minutes before closing the above Mails.

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THE BRANDON MAIL

VERMILION - \$1.00 per annum if paid within three months from date of subscription, it will be paid \$2.00 will be charged. No paper will be discounted until all arrears are settled.

AGENTS.—A liberal cash commission will be allowed to persons wishing to act as agents for us. Write to us.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient advertisements, such as By Lowest Rates, Entertainments, Legal Notices, &c., 10c. for first insertion, and 5c. for each subsequent insertion. Special rates for Commercial and Permanent Advertisements furnished upon application. A single insertion, \$1.00; a week, \$1.00; a month, \$1.00; a year, \$1.00; a half-year, \$1.00. Minimum, 50c. for first insertion and 50c. for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions will be set up within reasonable display and inserted until ordered out.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications intended for insertion should be written on one side of the paper only. We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

Correspondents must invariably send us their name and address, post-mechanically, but not necessarily for publication.

CLIFFE,
Publisher and Proprietor

The Brandon Mail.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1890.

THOSE LISTS.

After several months' incubation more than were required under the old act, the Brandon city voters lists have made their appearance, and in view of the *Grit* Acts previously passed a jewel of *particulars* they are.—For instance, such names as D. W. Shaw, T. M. Daly, &c., &c., are left off the Legislative list altogether, the compilers and printers knowing no doubt these gentlemen are long since dead and buried, and the names of men six months or more in their graves are on the list as full fledged voters for Mr. James A. Smart, whom he next appeals to the people. Then again all the officials connected with the compilation of the list, know that the Greenway Government passed an Act disfranchising all government officials drawing a salary of \$400 a year and upwards. In the fall of this, F. G. A. Henderson, A. Burns, J. Whitehead, all in the Registry office, from which Mr. Martin McDonald was unceremoniously dismissed are rated as genuine Smart voters while poor Martin after losing the office, by the list denied the right of franchise. Again some women, are given the legislative franchise though female suffrage has not yet secured a footing in the country. These are some of the peculiarities of the city list, and we presume others in the country are possessed of the same useful embellishments. It is for printing a list like this the Brandon Sun office got \$96 under the Greenway Act, while in January last an attachment of the same office contracted to do the work for \$23.00.

But this is not all. A few months ago Mr. Woodley was created a commissioner, employed by the friends of Mr. Smart to pick up the names of all eligible *Grit* voters under the new Act, and place them on the list for future usefulness. This, of course, compels the other party, handicapped and all as they may be, by lack of knowledge of what is going on in the ring to undertake a work of labor, or remain at a serious disadvantage in a contest.

Now, the question is, if the government aims at manhood suffrage, and not *colonial* suffrage, why do they not see that the officials having to do with these lists make them accurate, without partison or political assistance? In other words, why do they not make it a part of *assessors'* business to pick up the names of all eligible voters on his rounds? or rather why do they not make the list of one year the basis of the succeeding one, the assessors adding all additional he finds entitled to vote, and striking off all in their graves or absent, leaving the work of revision but a matter of form under such a state of affairs? If the officials did their duty honestly, correct lists would be the rule, and in an appeal the government would meet with a proper expression from the country.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The reconstructed Ministry in British Columbia seems to be doing very well, and although the political and commercial life of the province sustained severe loss this year, owing to the deaths of Mr. Davis, the Premier, and Mr. Dunsmuir, the intrepid capitalist, the new government appears to possess the general confidence. Premier Robson addressed a public meeting at Kamloops recently, and dealt with the future policy to be pursued. He referred to the likelihood of amicable arrangement between the Provincial and Federal authorities regarding the minerals, terming agreement by which the Shuswap and Okanagan railway, opening up a valuable section of the interior through which the Canadian Pacific passes, may speedily be constructed, and the encouragement of other routes by which the rich Kootenay district may be made accessible. The increase of trade and the improvement of mineral output in the province is evident with the growth of population and the former announced that the popular representation in the Legislature will have to be doubled to Al-

together the prospects for British Columbia are excellent, and all Canadians will be glad to know it.

REPUBLICANISM.

Since the Brazilian revolution a number of Republicans are popping up in all parts of the world, producing a republic for Australia, Canada and all the monarchies of the continent of Europe. These speculations are the output of hairbrained theorists who have the loosest ideas of the science of government or the principles of true liberty. Carried away by events which are of local importance, they imagine that all the great nations of the earth are on the eve of a sudden change. The wisest students of political science speak more modestly and are carefree not to commit themselves to predictions which at best, rest for fulfillment upon very remote conditions.

The *Prairie Grit* Print wishes to entice Mr. Patterson, the new proprietor of the paper mill there, to remove to Brandon and declares that Mr. P. is to be honored a man to listen to any such allurement. With Mr. Patterson's honor, we have nothing to do, as it rests between the Liberal's credulity and himself, but we have to assure our confidant that if he saw the letters written by Mr. P. to officials to officials of this city, he might change his mind on the measure of that gentleman's honor. If the editor of that paper cares to come up and enquire into the matter he will find the abiding process was begun by Mr. P. himself, that he actually did offer to move the mill to Brandon, if he received a bonus of \$5,000 and other *extras*. Would it not be well for the smart Aleck of the Liberal to ascertain the facts before he endeavors to impugn the motives or character of any one.

Matters must be in a critical condition in Europe when the Government of Great Britain is implored not to press beretiments on Portugal for fear of precipitating a revolution in the Iberian peninsula. Signs are abundant, however, that Europe is on the eve of serious complications. The popular spirit has gained enormous strength owing to the discontent of the nation with the excessive burden of the military system. Rulers are, no doubt, anxious to give their subjects the desired relief but how to do so, when all the powers are maintaining an armed truce, without inviting attack or encouraging revolution, is the problem for which no solution has yet been found. The truth appears to be that the old order has outlived its usefulness in most continental countries, and that a change of some sort is inevitable.

It is not astonishing that Dakota farmers should be moving into Manitoba. The conditions of settlement, of climate and of business must have become very oppressive when people are brought face to face with starvation in a country alleged to be one of the most attractive in America. The superiority of Manitoba and the Canadian North-West to the adjoining United States territory is getting to be pretty well known, and people are beginning to understand the advantages of settling north of the boundary line.

The Winnipeg Sun gets into a lilt sit through misrepresenting Mr. Hagel. It publishes an apology and asks us to reproduce it. No, thanks. We have enough to do to take care of our own little suits. To meet our co-temporary, however, we will reproduce that apology, it will only publish another for its defense of the Greenway government since the advent to office, which the public consider necessary.

The Winnipeg Sun has wearied in well doing, and has passed into the hands of the Conservatives, hence forth to be an opponent of Greenway & Co. and a supporter of Sir John Macdonald. This does not look as if the cause of Greenway was prospering in the country.

MONTREAL, Dec. 30.—At a meeting of the directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway company to-day statements were results of workings for the year were submitted, which, estimating for the month of December, showed net earnings for the year above the working expenses to be \$6,029,000, affording a surplus above fixed charges for the year of \$2,200,000, which added to the surplus from last year, would make a total surplus of \$2,576,000 at the close of the present year. The question of an extra dividend was considered, and it was decided to declare a supplementary dividend of one per cent payable February 17th with the regular and a half per cent half yearly dividend from the annuity fund, in the hands of the Dominion Government, making a total for the half year of two and a half per cent, with the intention of continuing a similar half yearly supplementary dividend and the expiry of the annuity in 1893, reserving a portion of the accumulated surplus earnings as a dividend reserve fund.

SUPPER CHARGE.
PROSPECTIVE ELEVELLING, St. John's, N.L.—In winter, I suppose, there would be a difficulty in getting a charge of firewood, as there would be no snow on the ground. After clearing these forests, there would be a great deal of snow, and a man would have to go to get wood.

WILL FLEAS?
I can recommend Hinsdale's Flea Powder, as it is the best I have ever seen, and I must say it is the best thing I ever used for general use as a powder.

Young Ones and Old Ones.

Traveling men have more points of resemblance to actors than any other class that I know of. Maybe it is because on the road throws them largely into the company of Thespians with whom they fraternize and exchange notes wherever the contact is made. This likeness breaks out even on a man's first trip. Young actors and young commercial travelers alike glory in all the paraphernalia of a conquering blood. Silky silk hats, patent leather boots, flashing jewelry sometimes, and at any rate clothing enough for a trip to Europe, which they calculate will at once bring provincial admiration down to a point described as the "hypnotic" state wherein the subject, bewildered by a powerful display of brilliancy, allows himself to be acted upon at the suggestion of will. The Booths, Barretts and Irving's of the profession, if they may be allowed the name, prepare themselves for a long and hard tussle with the practical hardships of traveling in Germany themselves rather as the humble attendants upon the glory of their ward as as the sole repository of everything worth admiring among their employer's belongings.—Interview in Clothier and Furnisher.

German Etiquette.

Perhaps the best criterion of the naughtiness of German etiquette is the little unwritten code on pocket manners. German good form is checked by the helter-skelter condition of the American pocket. A well bred German never allows his keys and his jackknife, his small change, his shoe button and his cigar cutter to jingle about loosely in his trouser-pocket. The greatest offense against German pocket manners is to carry small silver coins loose in the pocket. A German gentleman may have only half a dollar to his name, but he carries as big a purse as if he owned all the notes of the Imperial Reichsbank. In paying for 5 cents' worth of beer he goes down into his trousers and draws out his fobby pocketbook with a dignity, thanking heaven that he is a manly, high born Prussian, and not a vulgar tradesman like the American at his side, who has just slumped down on the table a mess of gold, silver, keys and manicure apparatus. The small German schoolboy is not even allowed to carry his car fare with out a purse.—Detroit Free Press.

Pogonitis and Insanity.

The Neomongolian society lately held a source in New York, in which several pogonitis were exhibited to establish marked similarity between their ears and those of the incurably insane. It is a well known fact among physicians that a swollen prominence of the upper part of the ear occurs often in crazy people, and is an invariable indication of hopeless lunacy. Among prize fighters the same peculiar mark is seen resulting from frequent punching of the head. The swollen ear of a fighter is prized by him as a distinction second only to a broken nose, and in time becomes an established trade mark; but the individuals who came forward to illustrate "Hamadryas," or tomouettes, were somewhat chagrined to find that their professional sign also belongs to the worst cases of the mad house. Investigation might lead to the discovery of a more intimate kinship between the two classes of people who bear the brand of swelled ears. Cosmopolitan.

The Oregon Wom.

Down on Main street the other day two beggars ran opposition hand organ apsects when people are brought face to face with starvation in a country alleged to be one of the most attractive in America. The superiority of Manitoba and the Canadian North-West to the adjoining United States territory is getting to be pretty well known, and people are beginning to understand the advantages of settling north of the boundary line.

Why the sky is blue.

Professor Hartley of London, has been trying to find out why the sky is blue. His experiments show that the color arises from the action of ozone upon the rays of light. The results of his examination of ozonized air prove that it is impossible for rays of light to pass through so little as five miles of air with out the rays being colored sky blue by the ozone commonly present, and that the blue of objects viewed on a clear day at greater distances up to thirty-five to fifty miles may be almost entirely the blueness of ozone in the air." In his laboratory experiments he observed that the quantity of ozone giving a full sky blue in a tube only two feet in length is 2,500,000 milligrams in each square centimetre of sectional area in the tube when they draw from January from A. W. Rogers has just returned from a two months' sojourn in Japan, and is relating in what is to him comparatively cool weather. He says: "They don't make molasses for export in Japan, and can make it no more. Everything they can get for the purposes put into rum. Rum costs more than sugar, and anything that will digest or ferment is put into it. If you know the stuff they put into rum you would confuse your drink if you drink it—potato whisky. Way sticks strong, are decayed vegetable substances seen good enough in the eyes of the plasters of Japan to put into their rum. The natives of the island and the operators in the rum don't drink it, their chief drink is sugar water."

Rubber Peppermint.
Rubber peppermint has just returned from a two months' sojourn in Japan, and is relating in what is to him comparatively cool weather. The natives of the island and the operators in the rum don't drink it, their chief drink is sugar water."

Turkey prunes for use during the cold dip them when perfectly ripe in cold water for one second, place in a butter basket, and set in a cool place. Before the water is boiling hot when the eggs are dipped. A film forms on the inside of the shell, making the contents acrid. They will keep fresh any length of time.

THE BRANDON MAIL.

At the BIG TEA POT

Our Stock of Groceries for the Fall and Winter Trade is now complete. A full line of the newest and Freshest Goods. Everything that the Season demands. Goods arriving daily.

TEAS.

We have an immense Stock of

NEW TEAS,

ranging from 25c. per lb to \$1.

C NGOU.

ASSAM,

CEYLON,

JAVA PEKOE,

SOUCHONG,

JAPAN,

GUNPOWDER,

YOUNG HYSON,

OOLONG,

CAPRE,

O. S. PEKOE.

OUR COFFEES X.L.

China, Crockery AND GLASSWARE.

Try Caravan Brand, a splendidly blended Coffee.

The Aroma is perfect.

NEW FRUITS, SWEET CIDER,

CHOICE WINTER APPLES,

SISCO HERRINGS, FINNIN HADDIES,

LABRADOR HERRINGS,

FRESH EGGS, ROLL BUTTER,

40 Varieties of Christie, Brown & Co's FANCY BISCUITS.

Robertson Bros'. (Toronto) Candies, in abundance.

3 lbs. Pure Good Coffee for \$1.

12 lbs. Cooking Raisins for \$1.

GENUINE CIDER VINEGAR.

WEST INDIA MOLASSES

Comb - Honey.

POTTED HAM, POTTED YARMOUTH

BLOATERS, ANCHOVY PASTE.

ICING SUGAR.

We have much pleasure in announcing the arrival this week of another Consignment of

Dinner and Tea Sets.

We specially invite inspection of our Semi-Porcelain and Pearl Spring Dinner Ware, also China Tea Sets just received.

These Goods are finished in the Highest Styles of the Decorator's Art, and are unique in their particular line.

WE INVITE INSPECTION.

They cannot fail to please.

JOHN A. BROWN IMPORTER OF CHINA, CROCKERY and GLASSWARE.

THE TWO NEW SENATORS.

Referring to the recently appointed senators for Manitoba and the Northwest Territories, the Prince Albert Times says: "Mr. Lougheed has never come to the front in political matters in the Northwest, nor anything else, and certainly was not deserving of recognition on account of any services he had rendered either to the state or to the Conservative party, and senators, we understand, are usually selected for one of these reasons, a due regard being had to their fitness in other respects. Mr. Lougheed is doubtless a very estimable gentleman, and may fill the role of senator very creditably, and we do not blame him for grasping at the position, but we blame the Government for the selection they have made. We consider that there are other men in the Territories who are as well qualified in every respect, who have had more experience, have done more for the country and whose appointment would have been more acceptable to the people of the Territory. Mr. Lougheed evidently had many friends at court than any one else, and to that fact alone does he owe election to the Senate."

Major Boutell has for a long time taken a prominent interest in the affairs of Manitoba and the Northwest. His appointment is a good one, one which we believe will be acceptable to the people of Manitoba, and which was incurred by a career of usefulness in the services of his country.

THE DAY LINE

when going east via Chicago, insist on having your tickets read over "The Burlington." It has a day train to Chicago, leaving St. Paul at 7:30 A.M. This gives passengers from the North time to breakfast.

MARKETS.

No wheat of any account is being marketed, and grain buyers have an easy time. Most of the buyers think that all the unmarketed wheat will be required for flour and seed. A large amount of oats and other feed stuffs are being imported as feed for horses who have more oats or barley than they require, are holding on to them.

During the past week a lot of pigs have been marketed and dealers are keen to get them. The ruling price is \$8.25, with an upward tendency.

Eggs are scarce and butter is being brought in in large quantities.

Good potatoes are rather scarce.

Wheat 65 to 70

Oats 45 to 50

Cats, eastern 50 to 55

Barley 40 to 45

Cattle dressed per quarter 84 to 85.25

Cattle live weight 21 to 22

Sheep live weight 5

Hogs 84.50 to 85.50

Turkey and geese 30 to 35

Ducks 10 to 11

Butter in rolls 18 to 20

Butter in firkins 16 to 18

Eggs, fresh per dozen 20

Potatoes 65 to 80

Apples per barrel 84.50 to 85.50

Hay per ton \$10.00 to 12.00

Bran per ton \$14.00

Wood per cord \$3.00 to \$4.00

WE WISH OUR MANY CUSTOMERS

A - VERY - MERRY - CHRISTMAS

AND

A HAPPY NEW YEAR,

and beg to embrace this opportunity for thanking them for their very liberal patronage this season.

Our Sales were away ahead of last season, which is proof of the growing popularity of CLIFFE'S BOOKSTORE.

TO THOSE PURCHASING

New - Years - Gifts,

We would say, Don't pass the BARGAIN CENTRE,

We have a lot of Job Lines in Toys, Plush Goods, Books &c., &c., which we will clear out at great bargains.

CLIFFE'S BOOKSTORE,

Corner 8th st., and Rosser Ave., South side.

THE WHEAT CORNER.

FORD'S MAD FREAK.

It did not take the Ogilvie Milling company long to quietly work the circle in regard to the corner on wheat. W. W. Ogilvie was here himself, he brought the cash with him; the plan was laid down, and the employees quietly carried it out. It was not so difficult a job as one might think, as the wheat was pretty much in the hands of four or five dealers. The mill made by the company was a good one, and the dealers did not hesitate in accepting it. The sale embraced all wheat both in Manitoba and on, tract to the east. Some dealers think they might just as well hold on, but the offer was too good to refuse, and so they closed the deal. It is said that it took at least \$1,000,000 to work the deal, and in view of the company come down with such a sum, The Kesterton Milling Company will not likely have enough wheat to sustain itself all season.

TO CONSIDER CANADIAN TRADE RELATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Two special Senate committees left Washington today for New York. One is the committee appointed to look into our trade relations with Canada. Senator Hoar (chairman), Allison, Butler, Dolph Hale, Pugh and Voorhees make up this committee. The members have engaged rooms at the Hoffman House and will probably hold their sessions there. The other is the committee on the transportation and sale of meat products. Senator Vista is its chairman and the other members are Senators Plumb, Manderson, Farwell and Coke. Senator Vista's committee will probably hold its meetings in the post office building.

ROUGH ON PARMELE.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—A sensation was created today among politicians and members of the Irish party by the intelligence that Capt. O'Shea has filed a petition for absolute divorce from his wife on account of Mr. Parmele's improper intimacy with her. No damages are claimed by Capt. O'Shea as ex-member of the House of Commons. Specific acts of adultery have taken place during a period extending from April 1890 to date of suit. • • • Ethan, No. 334 York terrace, the petition against Parmele were true, he added. "I do not claim damages."

FULL FOUR SCORE.

London, Dec. 29.—The anniversary of Victoria's birth absorbed somewhat less time to make of this quiet Sabbath a day of national rejoicing. Telegrams and letters of congratulation and admiration poured into Hawarden from not only all quarters of England, but literally from all parts of the world, many coming from Australia, America and India. 200 telegrams and 500 letters of congratulation were received, the first telegram being received from the Prince and Princess of Wales. All the members of the Gladstone family branches were gathered at Hawarden to meet and greet their eminent kinsman. The church attended by Gladstone was crowded at the morning service and a large throng remained outside until a general admittance. Gladstone had paid part in the service, reading the lessons, and said a few words of devout thankfulness for the blessings of life and friendship. The scene was such as Shakespeare might have had in mind in describing a plot old and surmised by troops of friends, showing a home and abode. Besides those who might have been expected to congratulate as a matter of course personal friends and political admirers may contributed whose offering of congratulations attracted more than ordinary attention; among these may be mentioned the Countess Tolstoi, the Speaker of the House of Commons, and a number of eminent Unionists.

EX-EMPEROR OF BRAZIL DEAD.

• • • RODRIGO'S FAITHFUL WIFE AT HOME THE EXTERIOR'S CHIEF.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—The ex-Emperor of Brazil died yesterday in Rio. It is believed that he died from heart disease.

• • • On Dec. 29, Dom Pedro the second, fully deluged with telegrams and letters condoling with him for the loss of his son. The last instances of the ex-emperor were expressions of regret that he could not be surrounded by his children, and that she could not return to Brazil.

Mr. S. Lachewian says: Mr. D. H. McDowell M. P., addressed the Canadian Institute on Friday last on the future of Canada. He told the Canadian old became one of the most prominent of the great English speaking people that our future greatness would be secured by the Dominion Government having \$50,000,000 with which to guarantee the interest on railway in the Northwest.

DE WILLIAMS' SUCCESSOR.

London, Dec. 27.—Rev. Dr. Rick, the speaker at a public meeting in the late Rev. Dr. Williams in the 2nd Superintendent of the Methodist Church.

FORUM TO MAYORALTY.

Globe, Dec. 27.—Abd. McMillan is soon to be elected for the mayoralty next year.

INFLUENZA IN THE EAST.

London, Dec. 27.—John Smith is suffering from a bad attack of influenza, but is not of the European type as he has been.

Montreal, Dec. 27.—It is reported a severe case of European influenza has broken out there. There is 8 J. Dennis, a surgeon there.

LITTLE HOPE FOR THE MINERS.

OTTAWA, Dec. 25.—News has reached that W. Ford, contractor at Gatineau Point, some distance below here, on the Quebec side of the river, murdered his wife and sister-in-law, then set fire to the building and jumped into the Ottawa river. At any rate the building was discovered on fire, and the bodies of both women are said to have been found therein. So far, Ford has not been found. Some are of the opinion that he may have leaped into the burning building. Ford is described as a lunatic, but correct information of the whole affair is not yet to hand.

East TRIMLETON, Que., Dec. 24.—W. Ford, who murdered his wife and attempted to burn two others and finally set fire to the house, has been insane for some months. Up to the present only one charred body, part of the head and chest, can be discovered, whether of Ford or his wife it will be impossible to determine. The family were well known and highly esteemed. Ford was previous to becoming insane a member of the council here. The municipality is blamed for not having the man placed in some asylum.

LA PATRIE

PITCHES INTO THE QUEBEC ORGAN OF THE LIBERAL PARTY.

QUEBEC, Dec. 24.—L'Electeur having undertaken to read the Globe out of the Reform ranks, La Patrie pitches into the Quebec organ of the party. It says in effect: "Let us drop subjects which excite race and class disputes, and let us proceed in a conciliatory way on truly Liberal lines." La Patrie hints that Laurier's opinion of L'Electeur's recent proceeding would, if publicly discussed, be not exactly pleasing to that trumpeting journal.

IS SILCOTT COMING WEST?

OTTAWA, Dec. 26.—A man answering in most particulars the description of Silcott, the Washington defaulter, has been traced to Ottawa. He is believed to have left the capital last night for the west.

A PRIZE FIGHT.

TORONTO, Dec. 26.—Harry Gilmore and Paul Patillo fought seven rounds before 600 people. Gilmore had the best of the fight till the way through.

BEIJING'S SEA DIFFICULTY.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—The Globe's editorials on the cause to be pursued in the Beihing's Sea difficulty have created anew the languid interest in the matter here, but few, except those who have made the Canadian question a study, however, regarding it as of any importance. The general opinion is that all the seas in the Pacific are not worth maralling about with the United States, but there is still a desire to do justice to the Dominion if it should prove true that her maritime interests have been abused. On the question of all sorts between the Canadian French-speaking and English-speaking dominions it may be taken as settled that the home government's hand is made up once for all. It is steadily bent upon Angloizing the Dominion as Emperor William is determined to make his captured provinces German in fact, as well as in name. The government will be gradual but steady, and will not be long before the English language will be the only one recognized in the statute books and court proceedings of all descriptions. The French Canadians will be encouraged to emigrate and any inclination they may manifest to make themselves agreeable to the authorities will be promptly and firmly repudiated. An inkling of this determination must have reached France, for the majority of the journalists here are very bitter against England for her tyrannical policy toward all under her sway abroad. Stanley is most incidentally the subject of a great deal of abuse, and the debate on rates of the "middle course" pursued by France in Africa with the brutal methods of other nations, which will cause those who recall the deeds of Pelesier and Vandal to smile.

FLOODS IN CALIFORNIA.

A NUMBER OF RAILROAD BRIDGES WASHED AWAY.

LOS ANGELES, Calif., Dec. 27.—The heavy rain of the last few days continued Wednesday night, and the levees on Los Angeles river have broken through in several places. The river fell some feet, but the canals began to fall again last evening. So many railroad bridges were washed away that no trains were able to leave or arrive here yesterday. Wagons on the Southern Pacific lines are reported stuck in hills and east of Tucson, Arizona. A bridge near this city, on the line of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, was badly cracked, so that trains could pass it. From the present appearance it will be several days before trains will be running. It is reported that the Nasco water, near this city, was destroyed, together with \$100,000 worth of grain by the breaking of the levee in the Los Angeles river.

A GREEN CHRISTMAS.

TORONTO, Dec. 26.—There was bowing on the open yesterday afternoon on the lawn of Prospect Park, York. A terrible fire had broken out between the city and the island yesterday, a thing almost unprecedented in the way of Christmas Day incidents.

CHRISTMAS CHARITY.

MONTREAL, Dec. 24.—The directors of the City and District Savings bank, to-day distributed the sum of \$11,000 amongst the poor in the heart of the city.

THE LANES AND STREETS.

On Dec. 24, the sun and arteries of the body, obstructing the blood vessels, caused the blood to run the foul streams in the veins. Hence the blood vessels are filled with dead blood, and the body becomes pale to the worst serous state.

MONTEGO BAY, Dec. 24.—It is reported a severe case of European influenza has broken out there. There is S. J. Dennis, a surgeon there.

THE BRANDON MAIL.

REMOVED.

Our Entire Shoe Stock to the Stand lately occupied by F. NATION & CO.

Cor. Rosser and Eighth Street.

STOCK THE LARGEST

Prices the Lowest.

BOUNDED PLEASE,

W. E. FLUMERFELT,
THE PALACE SHOE STORE.

Custom Work and Repairs done on the Premises.

CUT THIS OUT and

COUPON
GOOD ONLY AT
MILLER & COMPANY'S
CLOTHING HOUSE.

For \$1.00 in Cash on every Purchase to the amount of \$10.00,
50c, on \$5.00, 25c, on \$2.50.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

CHEAP

Eastern - Excursions

FROM

BRANDON

TO

Points in Ontario,

First Class Return Tickets, good for

three months, with stop over

privileges,

The Merchants Bank of Canada.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$5,799,500

RESERVE FUND \$1,920,000

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE

TRANSACTIONS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at Four per cent, per annum.

S. P. PHILLIPS, Manager.

BRANDON

MUSIC !

We undersigned beg to advise the people of Brandon, in this vicinity, they have established a school of music, and are prepared to receive pupils for piano, organ, etc.

Residence in Toronto on 6th Street, between

Princess and Lorne Avenues.

MISSISSIMO, 27

WOOD FOR SALE

WOOD for sale by the car load. Apply

E. J. KEEPING, Austin, 283.

Local and Traveling Salesmen

WANTED

reposition to our extensive territory. Excellent facilities. Salaries assured. Highest premiums not necessary. Write for terms.

E. C. SELOVER & CO., General Agents, New York.

WANTED.

A good general servant girl wanted.

Apply to MRS. W. A. MACDONALD, 2821, Main Street.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Brandon and South Western Railway Company incorporated by an act of Parliament of Manitoba, will apply to the Parliament of Canada for an act of incorporation to the effect that they have power to acquire the assets and franchises of the Manitoba Coal Company Limited, to issue land warrants and other powers and to sell the lands from location and other powers.

CAMPBELL & CRAWFORD, Solicitors for plaintiffs.

Dated Winnipeg, Dec. 16, 1894.

SMYTH BROS.

" DIAMOND RED CROSS" SURFACE BURNING BASE HEATER, FOR SOFT OR HARD COAL.

The First and Only Successful Application of the Base Heating Principle to Soft Coal Heating Stoves.

The wonderful success attained by the "DIAMOND RED CROSS" has induced us to build this stove, for which we have the exclusive right. We are confident that no HEATER and FUEL-SAVING STOVE IT HAS NO EQUAL.

SPECIALLY MADE FOR MANITOBA AND THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES to burn our NATIVE as well as FOREIGN COALS, and in this respect we are sure that we have placed in the market a long-felt want.

This stove has the base heating principle for soft coal, while the flues made very large. The heat is thrown to the outside of the stove, which is made of iron plates which are found in Common Grades, the flue pipes not necessary. Write for terms.

T. H. HENDON, 2518, Brandon, P. O.

STRAYED,

CAVE into the premises of the undersigned, at 1111 1/2 Main street, on Dec. 24, 1894, a black cow aged, with short tail. Owner can have same by paying property and taking expenses.

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